KSRH

BC-126
June 1975

Educational-FM

BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

Date first licensed DECEMBER 2, 1980

Call letters KSRH

Station location San Rafael, California

Name of licensee SAN RAFAEL HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

Transmitter location 185 Mission Avenue, San Rafael California

Main studio location SAME AS TRANS. SITE

CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

Appl. No.	Date Issued	Freq.	Power	Time Div.	Period From To
BPED-2497 HAAT: -- (L)	4-4-79	88.1mhz CLASS: D SECONDARY CP FOR NEW EDUCATIONAL-FM	ERP: --	TPO: 10watts ch.# 201	4-4-80
BPED-2497 (1)	6/18/79	CALL LETTERS ASSIGNED & EBSA ISSUED			
BLED-800401AC HAAT:-- (L)	12-2-80	88.1mHz License to cover(BPED-2497, as mod.) for a new station.	ERP:--	TPO:10w	12-1-83

Form BC-121
May 1976

KSRH

APPLICATION RECORD · BROADCASTING

Call Letters K S R H
*NEW EDUC FM

Name San Rafael High School District
San Rafael,California(PO 3rd & E Sts.,San Rafael,California 94901)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action Nature	Action Date
BPED-2497	5-5-77	Construction permit for new Educ FM on:	SECTION 73.509(c) WAIVED	
Resub	5-12-77	Frequency: 88.1MHz 201	AND APPLICATIION ACCEPTED	
Filed	5-12-77	TPO: 10 watts	FOR FILING	
PRESS:	2-8-78	trans. Wilkinson FM10E Vacuum Tube FM		
		Ant:Phelps-Dodge EHFM-2,2 sections	GRANTED	4-4-79
		TL&SL: 185 Mission Avenue,San Rafael,Calif.		
		REQUEST WAIVER OF SECTION 73.509(c) OF COMMISSION RULES		
		37° 58' 16" 122° 30 47"		
		ATTY:-----		
		ENGR:-----		
	5-9-78	PETITION TO DENY FILED BY KQED-FM , San Francisco, California.		
	6-21-78	REPLY FILED BY KQED, INC. (KQED-FM)		
	6-22-78	SUPPLEMENT TO REPLY FILED BY KQED, INC. (KQED-FM)		

341 4-1-80

APPLICATION RECORD-BROADCASTING

Call Letters: KSRH

Name: SAN RAFAEL HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

Station Location: SAN RAFAEL, CALIFORNIA

File No.	Date	Description	Action and Date
BLED-800401AC PTA PRESS	MAY 7 1980	License to cover (BPED-2497,as mod.) for a new station. Atty: None.	GRANTED 12-2-80

Form BC-121
March 1979

About the History Cards …

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.