KWUR

SPERRY REMINGTON

REMOVABLE LABEL TAB

GUIDES AND FOLDERS

MADE IN U. S. A.

CATALOG NO. 4550L 1/5

NON-Cml-EDUC-FM

BC-126
February 1974

BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

Official Number 917

Date first licensed February 3, 1977

Call letters KWUR

Station location Clayton, Missouri

Name of licensee The Washington University

Transmitter location 6515 Wydown Blvd., Clayton, Missouri (PED 12-5-74)

Main studio location same as transmitter

CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

Appl. No.	Date Issued	Freq.	Power	Time Div.	Period From- To-
BPED-1884 HAAT:------	12-5-74	90.3mhz #212 Class-D CP for NEW EDUC FM Station	TPO: 10Watts ERP:---- (RC)		12-5-75
BPED-1884(1)	6-23-75	Call letters assigned			
EBSA	6-23-75				
BMPED-1339(2)	1-9-76	MP(BPED-1884) ext time to			6-5-76
BLED-1552(L)	2-3-77	Lic. (BPED-1884) for new sta.			2-1-80
BRED791002UX (S)	1-24-80	RENEWAL OF LICENSE			2-1-83

Form BC-121
September 1969

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call Letters K W U R
X NEW-EDUC-FM

Name The Washington University
Clayton, Missouri(PO Lindell and Skinker Blvds., St. Louis, Missouri 63130)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action Nature	Action Date
BPED-1,884 R & F NO FEE REQUIRED PRESS: PN REC'd:	1-28-74 4-2-74 SEP 19 1974 7-8-74	CP for New Educ. FM on: 90.3mhz. #212 TPO: 10 Watts Trans: CCA-FM-10DST; Ant: CCA-FMC-E-2, 2 sections. T-SL: 6515 Wydown Blvd., Clayton, Missouri RC: Same as Trans-Studio Loc. 38° 38' 45" - 90° 19' 07" REQUEST WAIVER OF SECTIONS 1.3 AND 1.566(a) OF THE COMMISSION'S RULES. Atty--- Engr---	GRANTED	12-5-74
BMPED-1339 R & F NO FEE REQUIRED PRESS	12-1-75 12-8-75 DEC 17 1975	MP(BPED-1884) ext time to 6-5-76 (New Station)	GRANTED TO	1-9-76 6-5-76

FORM BC-121 #2
AUG. 1955

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call Letters K W U R

Name The Washington University
Clayton, Missouri

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action Nature	Action Date
BLED-1552	6-4-76	Lic. (BPED-1884) for new station	GRANTED	2-3-77
R & F	6-8-76	Chg. SL-RC to: Lindell & Skinker Blvds. St. Louis, Missouri		
NO FEE REQUIRED				
PTA	6-14-76	Trans: Gates TE-1		
PRESS	JUL 19 1976	HAAT: 136 ft.		
BRED 791002	UX	RENEWAL OF LICENSE	GRANTED	1-24-80
PRESS	NOV 8 1979			

F.C.C. - WASHINGTON, D. C.

About the History Cards …

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.