WBSN-FM

BC-126
June 1975

NON-COMMERCIAL EDUC FM

BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

Date first licensed 8-16-79

Call letters WBSN-FM

Station location New Orleans, Louisiana

Name of licensee NEW ORLEANS BAPTIST THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY

Transmitter location 3939 Gentilly Blvd., New Orleans, Louisiana (PED-1-23-78)

Main studio location SAME AS TRANSMITTER (PED-1-23-78)

CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

Appl. No.	Date Issued	Freq.	Power	Time Div.	Period From To
BPED-2405 HAAT: --- (L)	1-23-78	89.1mhz #206 CP for	ERP: -- (RC) Class-D new NON	TPO: 10w U CML ED FM	1-23-79 station
BPED-2405 (1)	4-10-78	CALL LETTERS &	EBSA ASSIGNED.		
BMPED790312AD HAAT: 75' (H&V) (L)	10/4/79	89.1mhz TPO:.320 chg ERP	ERP: .250kw (H&V) kw Mod. of CP (BPED-2405) & ant. sys. Install new ant.		10/4/80
BLED-790611AA (L)	8-16-79	Lic.(BPED-2405)	NEW STATION		6-1-82
BLED-791217AH HAAT: 75'(H&V) (L)	12-15-80	89.1mHz Lic. to 790312AD)	ERP:0.25kW (H&V) cover (BMPED- for changes.		6-1-82

Form BC-121
May 1976

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call Letters WBSN-FM
XNEW-EDUC-FM

Name New Orlenas Baptist Theobgical Seminary
New Orleans, Louisiana (PO %Dr. Paul Gericke, 3939 Gentilly Blvd., New Orleans, La. 70126)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action Nature	Action Date
~~BPED-2254~~	5-12-76	CP for New Educ. FM on: ~~90.7mhz #214~~	GRANTED	1-23-78
R & F	5-14-76	TPO: 10 Watts		
No Fee Required		Trans: Gates BFE-10C; Ant: Sparta ECFM-3, 1 section	Cond'L	
Press	JUL 22 1976	TL-SL: 3939 Gentilly Blvd., New Orleans, Louisiana	Before program test authorized permittee shall demonstrate compliance items 1 thru 5 on page 2"Public Notice entitled "FM Interferance TV Recept.	
P. N. Rec'd	8-9-76	30° 0' 45" - 90° 2' 30"		
		Atty:-----		
		Engr:-----		
AMENDED	12-8-76	Section II, III, and IV-A		
BPED-2409				
AMENDED	7-8-77	Amended to chg. frequency: 89.1mhz #206		
R&F	7-11-77			
PN REC D				
PRESS:	AUG 1 1977			

F.C.C. - WASHINGTON, D. C.

Form BC-121
May 1976

#2

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call Letters WBSN-FM

Name NEW ORLEANS BAPTIST THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY
New Orleans, Louisiana

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action Nature	Action Date
BMPED-790312AD PRESS: CUT OFF DATE	8 8-79	Mod of CP(BPED-2405) chg ERP: 250 w; install new trans (CCA ELECTRONICS CORP FM-250R);chg Ant(PHELPS DODGE ECFM-2,2 sections); make chgs in ant sys(incr hght)	GRANTED	10/4/79
BLED-790116AA PTA: PRESS:	1-26-79 JUN 6 1979	License to cover (BPED-2405) for NEW STATION Atty: ----	GRANTED	8-16-79

34 12/17/79

#3

APPLICATION RECORD-BROADCASTING

Call Letters: WBSN-FM

Name: NEW ORLEANS BAPTIST THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY

Station Location: NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

File No.	Date	Description	Action and Date
BLED-791217AH PTA PRESS	APR 0 3 1980	License to cover (BMPED-790312AD) for changes. Atty: None	GRANTED 12-15-80
810323AI		Construction permit to incr. ERP: 3.0 kW; HAAT: 145' and make chg. in antenna system.	

Form BC-121
March 1979

About the History Cards …

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.