KSEM-FM

FREQUENCY MODULATION

BROADCASTING STATION HISTORY RECORD

First licensed .....

Call Letters KSEM-FM

Station Location Moses Lake, Washington

Name KSEM, INC.

Transmitter Location Marsh Island, Moses Lake, Washington

Main studio location Marsh Island, Moses Lake, Washington

Form BC-126
December 1978

Authorization Record

File No.	Granted	Facilities	Expires
BPH-11188 HAAT: 200' (H&V) (L)	5/16/79	99.3mhz ERP: 3kw (H&V) Class: A CH.# 257 CP FOR NEW FM STATION	5/16/80
BPH-11188 (1)	10/9/79	CALL LETTERS & EBSA ISSUED	
BMPH800408AH (2)	6-10-80	MP (BPH-11188) for ext. of time to:	11-28-80

Form BC-126 (Back)
December 1978

Form BC-121
May 1976

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call Letters KSEM-FM NEW FM

Name KSEM, INC.
Moses Lake, Washington (PO Marsh Island Moses Lake, Washington 98837)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action Nature	Action Date
BPH-11188	6-20-78	Construction permit for new FM on:	Granted	5/16/79
R& F	6-28-78	Frequency: 99.3MHz #257		
PN FILED	7-28-78	ERP: 3KW(H&V) HAT: 200.5'(H&V)		
PRESS:	Nov 9 1978	trans: COLLINS 831D-2		
		ant: COLLINS G5CPM-3E,3 sections (H&V)		
		TL&SL: Marsh Island Moses Lake, Washington		
		47 05 54 119 17 47		
		ATTY: Vernon Wilkinson		
		ENGR: Kenneth Williams(Tacoma, Washington)		

#2

APPLICATION RECORD-BROADCASTING

99.3MHz.

Call Letters: K S E M-FM

Name: KSEM, INC.

Station Location: MOSES LAKE, WASHINGTON

File No.	Date	Description	Action and Date
BMPH800408AH PRESS (0)	JUN 12 1980	MP (BPH-11,188) For Extension of Time to: 9-1-80 (NEW STATION) Atty. Vernon L. Wilkinson (McKenna, Wilkinson & Kittner)	GRANTED 6-10-80 TO 11-28-80
BLH-801112AJ PTA PRESS	NOV 21 1980	License to cover (BPH-11188, as mod.) for a new station. Atty: ---	

302 11-12-80

Form BC-121
March 1979

About the History Cards …

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

FM History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest FM stations in the FM band, then at 42 to 50 MHz. (The band was shifted to its present location, 88 to 108 MHz, in 1946.) History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.