WJXY

AM

BC-126
June 1975

BROADCASTING STATION LICENSE RECORD

77}

#5043

W J X Y{EFF:8-29-
X W J A L {eff:5-
24-76}

Date first licensed July 18, 1977

Call letters

Station location Conway, South Carolina

Name of licensee KINGSTON BROADCASTING COMPANY, INC.

Transmitter location On Rt. 378 approx. 1.9 miles W of Rt. 701 intersection, Conway, South Carolina

Main studio location same as transmitter

CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND LICENSE RECORD

Appl. No.	Date Issued	Freq.	Power	Time Div.	Period From-- To-
BP-20,034	3-26-76	CP for 1050kHz GATES	new Standard 5kW Daytime MW-5		B/Cstation type trans 3-26-77
BP--20,034 {s}	5-24-76	Call letters	assigned		
EBSA	5-24-76	PSA	500w		
BL-14,297(L)	7-18-77 Standard	Lic. to cover BP-20,034 for New Station 1050khz	5kw Daytime		12-1-78
EBSA	8-29-77	Call Letters Changed			
BL-14,297(L)	7-18-77	superseded to correct October sunset Time			12-1-78
BTC781002EA BR 780801 XN	10-17-78 11-14-78	VOL. TC (S) REN	EFF: OF LIC.	11-21-78	12-1-81

Form BC-121
September 1969

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

Call Letters NEW ~~WXX~~ W J A L

Name KINGSTON BROADCASTING COMPANY, INC.
Conway, South Carolina (1501 3rd Ave., Conway, S.C. 29526)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action Nature	Action Date
BP-20,034 Rec'd Filed $400-467801 AC-001 NOV 20 1975 PN rec'd	8-20-75 8-21-75 8-21-75 1-22-76	Construction permit for a new standard broadcast station on: Freq. 1050khz. power 5kw Hours of operation: Daytime Trans. & studio loc. On Rt. 378 Approx. 1.9 miles W. of Rt. 701 intersection, Conway, South Carolina. Transmitter Gates MW-5 33° 50' 56" 79° 05' 03" Atty: James K. Edmundson Eng. Douglas B. DeLawder Amended 1-5-76 re engineering Amended 1-22-76 re Sect II, IV-A Exh 1,2,and 5 Amended 2-17-76 re financial Amended 3-23-76 re financial	GRANTED "Major Environmental Action under Sec. 1.1305" GRANT FEE PAID W567880 2700.00	3-26-76 5-13-76 AC:001

Form BC-121
May 1976

#2

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

1050khz

Call Letters W J X Y / X W J A L

Name KINGSTON BROADCASTING COMPANY, INC.
Conway, South Carolina

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action Nature	Action Date
BL-14,297 R & F Amend PTA PRESS MAR 3	2-11-77 2-15-77 2-16-77 - 2-22-77 1977	Lic. to cover BP-20,034 for New Standard Broadcast Station engr. data Atty: Howard J. Braun(Fly, Shuebruk, etc.)	GRANTED	7-18-77
BR780801XN R & F PRESS	6-23-78 8-1-78 SEP 1 1978	Renewal of License Howard J. Braun, Atty.	GRANTED	11-14-78
BTC781002EA Form 316 PRESS OCT	9-18-78 10 1978	Vol. TC from H. M. Floyd, Tommie W. Grainger and J. Archie Lee to H. M. Floyd and Tommie W. Grainger (50% Each) Atty - Irving Gastfreund (Fly,Shuebruk, etc.) Bank ltr re loan filed 11-21-78	GRANTED EFF	10-17-78 11-21-78

F.C.C. - WASHINGTON, D. C.

About the History Cards …

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file. History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form – 3" by 5" filing cards – for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). The History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above. Generally, they have been left as negatives as those are often easier to read.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of radio station history.