WSMK

BROADCASTING STATION HISTORY RECORD

First licensed .....

Call Letters WSMK (3-30-82)

Station Location INDIANAPOLIS, IN

Name INDIANAPOLIS TELEVISION CORPORATION

Transmitter Location .....

Main studio location .....

Form BC-126
December 1978

Form BC-121
May 1976

COMMERCIAL TV

APPLICATION RECORD - BROADCASTING

WSMK

Call Letters NEW TV

Name INDIANAPOLIS TELEVISION CORPORATION
CH-59 INDIANAPOLIS, IN (PO 1712 North Meridian St., Indianapolis, IN 46202)

File No.	Dated	Application for	Action Nature	Action Date
BPCT-781220LC R & F PRESS: PN REC'D:	12-19-78 12-20-78 79 04 30	CP for New TV Station on: Freq.: Ch-59, 740-746MHz ERP: Vis. 2818kW(M) 2109kW(H), Aur. 414kW(H) HAAT: 978 ft. TL: 10110 N. Ditch Rd., approx. 12 mi. N. of Indianapolis, IN (39-56-09 86-11-23) SL: To be determined, Indianapolis, IN Trans.: RCA TTU-110C Ant.: RCA TFU-35G (BT) MAJOR ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE WITH BPCT-780713IB, CH-59, INDIANAPOLIS, IN Atty.: James R. Bayes (Kirkland & Ellis) Engr.: Raymond E. Rohrer Amended 6-25-80 re legal, financial, programming, & EEO	Designated for Hearing Min. MAR 24 1981 BC-81-230 GRANTED Min. OCT 26 1982	

F.C.C. - WASHINGTON, D.C.

CARD #2

COMMERCIAL TELEVISION
APPLICATION RECORD-BROADCASTING

Call Letters: NEW

Name: INDIANAPOLIS TELEVISION CORPORATION

CH-59

Station Location: INDIANAPOLIS, IN

File No.	Date	Description	Action and Date
BSTV-800625KH R & F	6-20-80 6-25-80	Request authority to install Subscription Television equipment. Atty.: James R. Bayes (Kirkland & Ellis)	

Form BC-121
March 1979

About the History Cards …

History Cards were first used by the Department of Commerce to keep track of applications filed by, and changes to, the earliest AM broadcast radio stations in the early 1920s. The records were subsequently transferred to the Federal Radio Commission in 1927, and after that to the Federal Communications Commission when that agency was created in 1934. These cards gradually grew into a large card file.

TV History Cards were initiated in the early 1940s, with the authorization of the earliest TV stations. History Cards remained in use until the creation of the first computerized database in 1980 to track broadcast applications, the Broadcast Application Processing System (BAPS). However, the Commission did not transfer the data from the History Cards to the new system. Instead, it retained the History Cards in their original form for reference.

In 1999, the Commission moved to a new location (445 12th Street SW), and also at that time created the successor database to BAPS, the Consolidated DataBase System (CDBS). Prior to that move, the History Cards were transferred to microfiche by a contractor (only a few sets of microfiche exist), and the original paper cards were destroyed. The History Cards were stored on the microfiche as negative images, like those you see above.

History Cards contain very brief entries and notes about station facilities, applications, and ownership. They are not, and never were intended to be, a comprehensive record of a station's operations. Nevertheless, they can be useful to help determine, for example, when a station first went on the air and its call letters at that time. History Card comments were generally typed onto the cards, and thus some records will show more faintly or with more smudging than others, depending on the quality of typewriter and ribbon then used. Occasional handwritten comments, corrections, and strikeouts may also be found. Cards may be incomplete, missing, or occasionally out of sequence.

The History Cards are presented here as they were copied to microfiche, to preserve this record for public use, and with the hope that they will be of value to future researchers of television station history.